## CLAIM AMENDMENT

Please cancel claims 1-40 without prejudice or disclaimer. Please add new claims 41-63 as set forth below.

## 1-40. (Canceled)

- 41. (New) A method of vaccinating a subject comprising:
  - (a) obtaining a nucleic acid encoding an antigen or an antigen that is encoded by said nucleic acid, wherein the nucleic acid or antigen has been determined to elicit an immune response by a method comprising the steps of:
    - i) obtaining a library comprising DNA or RNA sequences from a pathogen;
    - ii) introducing a plurality of members of said library into an animal; and
    - iii) selecting at least a first member from the library that elicits an immune response to identify said nucleic acid or antigen; and
  - b) administering the nucleic acid or antigen to a subject in a manner effective to vaccinate the subject against the pathogen.
- 42. (New) The method of claim 41, wherein the pathogen is a virus, yeast, mold, algae or protozoa.
- 43. (New) The method of claim 41, wherein the pathogen is a bacterial cell.
- 44. (New) The method of claim 43, wherein the bacterial cell is identified as *Mycoplasma pulmonis* or *Listeria monocytogenes*.
- 45. (New) The method of claim 41, wherein the library is prepared using a bacterial host cell.
- 46. (New) The method of claim 41, wherein the library is prepared using a mammalian host cell.
- 47. (New) The method of claim 45, wherein the bacterial cell is an *E. coli*.
- 48. (New) The method of claim 41, wherein the DNA or RNA is fragmented physically or by restriction enzymes.
- 49. (New) The method of claim 48, wherein fragments are about 100-1000 bp.
- 50. (New) The method of claim 48, wherein the fragments are about 400 bp.
- 51. (New) The method of claim 41, wherein the DNA or RNA is fused to a mammalian gene.

- 52. (New) The method of claim 51, wherein the mammalian gene encodes a fusion protein.
- 53. (New) The method of claim 52, wherein the fusion protein is ubiquitin or human growth hormone.
- 54. (New) The method of claim 41, wherein the library is about  $1x10^2$  to about  $1x10^7$  members.
- 55. (New) The method of claim 41, wherein the library is about 10<sup>3</sup> to about 10<sup>5</sup> members.
- 56. (New) The method of claim 41, wherein the library is about 10<sup>4</sup> members.
- 57. (New) The method of claim 41, wherein about 8  $\mu$ g to about 12  $\mu$ g of DNA or RNA is introduced into the animal.
- 58. (New) The method of claim 41, wherein about 10 μg of DNA or RNA is introduced into the animal.
- 59. (New) The method of claim 58, wherein the DNA or RNA is introduced by gene gun or injection.
- 60. (New) The method of claim 41, wherein the expression library comprises a vector that includes a promoter suitable for expression in a mammalian cell.
- 61. (New) The method of claim 60, wherein the vector includes a signal sequence positioned upstream of the DNA or RNA.
- 62. (New) The method of claim 41, wherein the library is a cloned expression library.
- 63. (New) The method of claim 41, wherein the DNA or RNA is synthesized chemically.

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